CTD Data Processing

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This document discusses processing of the autonomous CTD dataset from the 2018 Southampton Island Marine Ecosystem Project (SIMEP). The procedure is based on what Janine and Kate were taught by Pascal, and the SBE Data Processing Manual (<u>https://www.seabird.com/asset-get.download.jsa?id=55174002258</u>). Page 20 of the manual outlines the steps for processing data.

Instrument: SBE 19plus V2 SeaCAT Profiler CTD SN7783 (Autonomous CTD)

Vessel: RV William Kennedy and its small boats

Cruise date: August 10-22, 2018

Spatial region: Hudson Bay

Notes: It does not appear WET Labs C-Star was functioning/set up properly during this cruise. Data was kept in the file in case someone knows how to fix it.

The following steps were taken to process the data:

- 1. Create the following folder structure:
 - a. 2018_wk_auto_ctd_sn7783
 - i. logbooks
 - ii. originals
 - iii. r_scripts
 - iv. seabird_psa_and_xmlcon
 - v. data
 - 1. 00_raw
 - 2. 01_datacnv
 - 3. 02_section
 - 4. 03_filter
 - 5. 04_align
 - 6. 05_ctmass
 - 7. 06_loopedit
 - 8. 07_derive
 - 9. 08_binavg
 - 10. 09_split
 - 11. 10_final
- 2. Into the logbooks folder, place the ship logbook.
- 3. Into the originals folder, place all original data from the field (data files, logbooks, calibration files, etc.); zipped to prevent accidental modification.
- 4. Ensure CTD files all follow the same naming structure, and that the casts correspond to entries in the digital logbook.

- 5. The .xml file of the first cast was compared against the .xml file of the last cast, no differences in configuration or calibration values were found. The .xmlcon file was checked against calibration documents (except transmissometer calibration documents could not be found) to ensure all values were correct. The .xmlcon file was then checked against the first .xml file to ensure consistency; all checked out until volt channels, not sure where the .xml files take the offset and slope values from for the volt channels, but the values were the same as in the 2019 SIMEP .xml files.
- 6. Convert raw .hex files to .cnv files
 - a. SBE Data processing \rightarrow Run \rightarrow Data Conversion (#1) \rightarrow File Setup
 - i. Open 01_DatCnv_SN7783_AUTOCTD.psa file from the seabird_psa folder
 - ii. Under Instrument configuration file, load the .xmlcon file in the "seabird_psa_and_xmlcon" folder
 - iii. Under Input directory, select all .hex files from "00_raw" folder
 - iv. Under Output directory, select "01_datacnv" folder
 - b. ... → Data Setup

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File Options Help		
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Process scans to end of file		
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Scans to process		
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Convert data from Upcast and downcast		
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2. Click Select Output Variables..., and choose the following:

Seq. #	Variable Name [unit]						
1	Scan Count						
2	Descent Rate [m/s]						
3	Pressure, Strain Gauge [db]						
4	Depth [salt water, m]						
5	Temperature [ITS-90, deg C]						
6	ionductivity [mS/cm]						
7	Salinity, Practical [PSU]						
8	Density [sigma-theta, kg/m^3]	_					
9	Specific Volume Anomaly [10^-8 * m^3/kg]						
10	Oxygen raw, SBE 43 [V]						
11	Oxygen, SBE 43 [umol/kg]						
12	Oxygen, SBE 43 (ml/l)						
13	Oxygen, SBE 43 (% saturation)						
14	PAR/Irradiance, Biospherical/Licor [umol photons/m ² /sec]						
15	Fluorescence, WET Labs CDOM [mg/m^3]	•					
Seq. #	Variable Name [unit]						
16	Fluorescence, WET Labs ECO-AFL/FL [mg/m^3]						
17	Beam Transmission, WET Labs C-Star [%]						
18	Beam Attenuation, WET Labs C-Star [1/m]						
19	Voltage 0						
20	Voltage 1						
21	Voltage 2						
22	Voltage 3						
23	RS-232 WET Labs raw counts 0						
24	RS-232 WET Labs raw counts 1						
25	RS-232 WET Labs raw counts 2						
26	Frequency 0						
27	Frequency 1						
28	Frequency 2						
	Lifer Deux						
29	Julian Days						
29 30	Julian Days	•					

- c. Click Start Process
- 7. Preparing an Excel sheet for taking notes
 - a. Open the 01_datacnv folder
 - b. Select all files (Ctrl+A)
 - c. Hold shift, right click, select copy as path

b.

a.

- d. Go to Excel and paste (Ctrl+V)
- e. Select column A, go to Find & Select -> Replace -> Type out the beginning of the paths in "find what", and replace with blank. Type ".cnv" and replace with blank too.
- f. Add title row "cast id, start scan, end scan, notes"
- g. Save the file, titled "section.xlsx", into the logbooks folder
- 8. Plotting casts
 - a. SBE Data Processing \rightarrow Run \rightarrow Sea Plot (#20) \rightarrow File Setup
 - i. For Program setup file, choose 02_SeaPlot_SN7783_AUTOCTD.psa

- ii. For Input directory, select all files in 01_datacnv folder
- iii. For Output directory, select any folder (the plots do not get automatically saved)
- b. \rightarrow Plot Setup
 - i. Title: datacnv
 - ii. For variables, choose the following:
 - 1. y-axis: pressure
 - 2. x-axis 1: scan count
 - 3. hide other x-axes
- c. Click Start Process
- d. In the plot window select View ightarrow Show Cursor Position
- e. Record scan # of beginning of downcast (when the CTD begins a descend after acclimating at ~1-5m depth for some time), and the end of the upcast (just before the CTD comes out of water at the end) for each cast in the Excel sheet you created in the previous step.
- 9. Cutting out soaking period (must go one file at a time)
 - a. In SBE Data Processing: Run \rightarrow Section (#16) \rightarrow File Setup
 - i. Program setup file: 03_Section_SN7783_AUTOCTD.psa
 - ii. Input: one cast at a time from 01_datacnv. (Definitely not the most time efficient method but the simplest at this point, I am running out of time to test out different MATLAB/R scripts.)
 - iii. Output: 02_section folder
 - b. \rightarrow Data Setup
 - i. Section based on: scan count
 - ii. Input minimum and maximum value for each cast and click Start Process, one cast at a time
- 10. Run the 01_section_check.R script to check that correct values were entered in the Section module and that none of the pressure/depth values ended up being negative (indicating measurements in the air).
- 11. Run the 02_pump_check.R script to ensure that the pump started working before the downcast began (the pump only starts working once the minimum conductivity frequency is met and the pump delay elapses).
 - a. 1 cast was flagged, re-sectioned to remove data before pump turned on.
- 12. Run the 03_sal_check.R to check the minimum conductivity measurements to ensure none of the samples were freshwater, as the processing steps are slightly different from seawater. SBE said in personal communication that the rough threshold for freshwater for data processing purposes is 0.6 S/m, i.e., 6 mS/cm.
 - a. No casts were flagged.
- 13. Filtering
 - a. SBE Data processing \rightarrow Run \rightarrow Filter (#2) \rightarrow File Setup
 - i. Program setup file: 04_Filter_SN7783_AUTOCTD.psa
 - ii. Input directory: 02_section folder (all casts)
 - iii. Output directory: 03_filter folder
 - b. → Data Setup

- i. Low pass filter A, time constant (s): 1.0
- ii. Low pass filter B, time constant (s): 0.5
- iii. Specify Filters...
 - 1. Clear all
 - 2. Pressure, Strain Gauge (db): Low pass filter A
 - 3. Temperature (ITS-90, deg C): Low pass filter B
 - 4. Conductivity (mS/cm): Low pass filter B
- c. Click Start Process
- 14. Align CTD (advance parameters in time relative to pressure)
 - a. SBE Data processing \rightarrow Run \rightarrow Align CTD (#3) \rightarrow File Setup
 - i. Program setup file: 05_Align_SN7783_AUTOCTD.psa
 - ii. Input directory: 03_filter folder (all casts)
 - iii. Output directory: 04_align folder
 - b. \rightarrow Data Setup \rightarrow Enter Advance Values
 - i. Clear all
 - ii. Temperature (ITS-90, deg C): +0.5 seconds
 - 1. This is the recommended value for SBE19plusV2 in the data processing manual
 - iii. Conductivity (mS/cm): +0.5 seconds
 - Note that the manual gives contradicting statements. First statement is: "For an SBE 19plus or 19plus V2 with a standard 2000-rpm pump, do not advance conductivity." Second statement is: "If temperature is advanced relative to pressure and you do not want to change the relative timing of temperature and conductivity, you must add the same advance to conductivity."
 - 2. Pascal applies a +0.5 second advance to both temperature and conductivity, Pascal's method will be followed.
 - iv. Oxygen raw, SBE43 (V): no advance
 - 1. The data processing manual suggests +3 to 7 seconds for an SBE19Plus
 - 2. Janine noted that this only works if the Oxygen raw, SBE43 (V) variable is being aligned. Janine tried several delays and the 0s delay seemed best for 2021 data.
 - 3. Pascal noted that at the beginning, he tried to estimate the right correction. You need to remove the gap between the downcast and upcast because of the long sensor response time. When you are going to apply a correction, you shift all oxygen values X seconds below their original place. Therefore, if you are moving at a speed of 1m/s, a +5 second shift would shift all values 5 m below where they were recorded. For oceanic waters with little variation, this could be okay. But for Arctic waters with chlorophyll maxima and oxygen peaks, this could create a big shift between these two events (SCM and O₂ peak). In Pascal's opinion, it is scientifically incorrect to create a gap between SCM and O₂ peak. Pascal either does not apply an oxygen correction, or he applies a 0.5s correction (same as for temperature and conductivity).

- c. Click Start Process
- 15. Cell Thermal Mass
 - a. As per the data processing manual, "Perform conductivity cell thermal mass correction if salinity accuracy of better than 0.01 PSU is desired in regions with steep gradients. Note: do not use Cell Thermal Mass for freshwater data."
 - b. SBE Data processing \rightarrow Run \rightarrow Cell Thermal Mass (#4) \rightarrow File Setup
 - i. Program setup file: 06_CTMass_SN7783_AUTOCTD.psa
 - ii. Input directory: 04_align folder (all casts)
 - iii. Output directory: 05_ctmass folder
 - c. \rightarrow Data setup \rightarrow Correct primary conductivity values
 - i. Thermal anomaly amplitude (alpha): 0.04
 - ii. Thermal anomaly time constant (1/beta) = 8.0
 - d. Click Start Process
- 16. Loop Edit (flags scans with very low and backward velocity)
 - a. SBE Data processing \rightarrow Run \rightarrow Loop Edit (#5) \rightarrow File Setup
 - i. Program setup file: 07_LoopEdit_SN7783_AUTOCTD.psa
 - ii. Input directory: 05_ctmass folder (all casts)
 - iii. Output directory: 06_loopedit folder
 - b. \rightarrow Data Setup
 - i. Minimum velocity type: Fixed minimum velocity
 - ii. Minimum CTD velocity (m/s): 0.05. Note that Pascal recommended using velocity < 0.1 m/s (as opposed to the SBE recommended 0.25 m/s).
 - iii. Uncheck "Remove surface soak"
 - iv. Check "Exclude scans marked bad"
 - c. Click Start Process
- 17. Derive (computes thermodynamic properties based on EOS-80 (practical salinity))
 - a. SBE Data processing \rightarrow Run \rightarrow Derive (#6) \rightarrow File Setup
 - i. Program setup file: 08_Derive_SN7783_AUTOCTD.psa
 - ii. Instrument configuration file: 19-7783 with transmissometer.xmlcon
 - iii. Input directory: 06_loopedit folder (all casts)
 - iv. Output directory: 07_derive folder
 - b. \rightarrow Data Setup \rightarrow Select Derived Variables

Select Derived Variables

Seq. #	Variable Name [unit]
1	Density [density, kg/m^3]
2	Density [sigma-theta, kg/m^3]
3	Depth [salt water, m]
4	Oxygen, SBE 43 [ml/l]
5	Oxygen, SBE 43 [umol/kg]
6	Oxygen, SBE 43 [% saturation]
7	Potential Temperature [ITS-90, deg C]
8	Salinity, Practical [PSU]
9	Specific Volume Anomaly [10^-8 * m^3/kg]

i. \rightarrow Miscellaneous

i. Latitude when NMEA is not available: average starting latitude of all casts present in the merge_key.xlsx (63.4851)

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- d. Click Start Process
- e. Optional step that was not done: Use Derive TEOS-10 (absolute salinity) module to derive variables based on TEOS-10.

18. Bin Average

- a. SBE Data processing \rightarrow Run \rightarrow Bin Average (#8) \rightarrow File Setup
 - i. Program setup file: 09_BinAvg_SN7783_AUTOCTD.psa
 - ii. Input directory: 07_derive folder (all casts)
 - iii. Output directory: 08_binavg folder
- b. \rightarrow Data Setup
 - i. Bin type: Pressure
 - ii. Bin size = 0.5

🚯 Bin Average			\times		
File Options Help					
File Setup Data Setup Header View					
Bin type Pressure					
Bin size 0.5					
✓ Include number of scans per bin					
Exclude scans marked bad					
Begin scans to skip over 0					
End scans to omit 0					
Min scans per bin 1					
Max scans per bin 2147483647					
Cast to process Upcast and downcast 💌					
Include surface bin					
Surface bin minimum value					
Surface bin maximum value					
Surface bin value					
Start Process E	xit	Can	cel		

c. Click Start Process

iii.

- 19. Split (splitting the downcast from upcast)
 - a. SBE Data processing \rightarrow Run \rightarrow Split (#17) \rightarrow File Setup
 - i. Program setup file: 10_Split_SN7783_AUTOCTD.psa
 - ii. Input directory: 08_binavg folder (all casts)
 - iii. Output directory: 09_split folder
 - b. → Data Setup
 - i. Output files: upcast and downcast (it will rename each file for downcast with a "d" and upcast with a "u" in front of the file name)
 - ii. Check "Exclude scans marked bad"
 - c. Click Start Process
- 20. Merging with logbook (using R)
 - a. Run the 04_final_file.R script to merge CTD data with the logbook and output Excel and ODV files.
 - i. A file named "merge_key.xlsx" was created and saved in the logbooks folder. This file lists which cast filenames correspond to which entries in the logbook, determined by the CTD start times and information in logbook notes.
 - 1. If the logbook notes indicated that the cast was bad, the cast was omitted from the final file.
 - 2. Some casts did not have corresponding entries in the logbook.
 - 3. Two CTDs were labeled as CTD 64 in the logbook, the second occurrence will be changed to CTD 64B in the R script for matching.
 - ii. It does not appear WET Labs C-Star was functioning/set up properly during this cruise. Data was kept in the file in case someone knows how to fix it.